## Discourse 30

"Vayedaber... Kedoshim Tihiyu... – Speak... You shall be holy"

Shabbat Parshat Acharei-Kedoshim, 13<sup>th</sup> of Iyyar, 5724 By the grace of *HaShem*, blessed is He,

1.

The verse states,<sup>1630</sup> "Speak to the entire congregation of the children of Israel and say to them: You shall be holy, because I, *HaShem-יהו* your God, am holy." Now, we must understand<sup>1631</sup> why this reason is given, that "because I am holy," therefore, "You shall be holy." Is it not so that "His holiness is beyond all comparison,"<sup>1632</sup> and "who can be likened to You? who is equal to You? Etc."<sup>1633</sup>

Now, in his discourse on this verse (in the booklet of manuscripts recently freed from captivity), <sup>1634</sup> his honorable holiness, the Tzemach Tzeddek cites the statement in Midrash Rabbah, <sup>1635</sup> "It is written, <sup>1636</sup> 'You are exalted' – You practice

<sup>1630</sup> Leviticus 19:2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1631</sup> See the beginning of the discourse entitled "*Kedoshim Tihiyu*" in Maamarei Admor HaZaken 5562 Vol. 1, p. 174; Vol. 2, p. 420; Maamarei Admor HaEmtza'ee, Vayikra Vol. 2, p. 533; Sefer HaMitzvot of the Tzemach Tzeddek 153b; Beginning of the discourse "*Daber el kol Adat Bnei Yisroel*" 5654 (Sefer HaMaamarim 5654 p. 245); 5679 (Sefer HaMaamarim 5679 p. 387).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1632</sup> See the liturgical hymn "Yigdal."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1633</sup> See the liturgy of the "Nishmat Kol Chai" prayer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1634</sup> Subsequently printed in Ohr HaTorah, Kedoshim p. 108 and on.

<sup>1635</sup> Midrash Vayikra Rabba 24:2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1636</sup> Psalms 92:9

exaltedness in the world... You granted holiness to the Jewish people forever, as it states, 'You shall be holy.'" He explains<sup>1637</sup> that what is meant is that this is both a command [to be holy] and a promise that ultimately "You shall be holy." (He brings an example of this from the explanation of the verse, 1638 "You shall love *HaShem-*" your God," which [also] is both in the form of a command and a promise.) 1639

He continues by explaining that the verse, <sup>1640</sup> "You are exalted forever *HaShem-*"," indicates the matter of eternality, similar to the teaching of our sages of blessed memory, <sup>1641</sup> "Wherever [in Torah] the word 'to Me-*Lee*-'' is stated, the matter is eternal and unmoving," and is drawn from the matter of, <sup>1642</sup> "I *HaShem*- 'הו" have not changed."

This then, is the meaning of "You are exalted (Marom-נורום) forever (Le'Olam-לעולם) HaShem-מרום." That is, from the aspect of His exaltedness (Romemut-וממות) there is a drawing forth of the aspect of forever (LeOlam-לעולם) without cessation whatsoever. In other words, even the holiness of the Jewish people is eternal without change ("You granted holiness to the Jewish people forever"). This is likewise understood from the verse, "I HaShem-יהו" have not changed," which concludes, "and you, the children of Yaakov have not ceased."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1637</sup> Ohr HaTorah ibid.; Also see Maamarei Admor HaEmtza'ee ibid. p. 579

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1638</sup> Deuteronomy 6:5

<sup>1639</sup> Torah Ohr, Tisa 86c

<sup>1640</sup> Psalms 92:9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1641</sup> Midrash Vayikra Rabba 2:2

<sup>1642</sup> Malachi 3:6

Now, this verse enumerates three aspects of holiness. <sup>1643</sup> The first aspect is in the statement, "Speak to the entire congregation of the children of Israel." This is because, in and of themselves (even before the command "You shall be holy") the children of Israel are "a holy nation." <sup>1644</sup> The second aspect is the statement, "You shall be holy," this being holiness in addition to the holiness of the children of Israel as they are, in and of themselves. The third is the statement, "Because I am holy," which is even loftier than the holiness of "You shall be holy."

That is, even though the words "because I am holy" are the reason given for "You shall be holy," nevertheless, the holiness of "I am holy" is loftier. This is as Midrash states 1645 on the verse, "You shall be holy," "Does it perhaps mean [that you will be] on par with Me? The verse therefore states, 'Because I am holy,' meaning, 'My holiness is above your holiness." However, even so, the holiness indicated by "for I am holy," this being "My holiness [which] is above your holiness," is drawn to the Jewish people. This is understood from the fact that the verse states "because-*Kee*-"," which is the granting of a reason for "You shall be holy."

This likewise<sup>1646</sup> is the meaning of the statement in Midrash, <sup>1647</sup> "This is analogous to the residents of a province

<sup>1643</sup> See Ohr HaTorah ibid. p. 108

<sup>1644</sup> Exodus 19:6

<sup>1645</sup> Midrash Vayikra Rabba 24:9

<sup>1646</sup> See Ohr HaTorah ibid. p. 108

<sup>1647</sup> Midrash Vayikra Rabba 24:8

who crafted three crowns for the king. What did the king do? He placed one upon his head and two upon the heads of his children. The same is so of the three times that 'Holy-Kadosh-ration" is mentioned, by which the Holy One, blessed is He, is sanctified, "Holy, Holy, Holy is *HaShem* of Legions-HaShem Tzva'ot-יהו״ה צבאו״ה-צבאו״ה. 'He placed one upon His own head and two he placed on the heads of His children."

In other words, the [first] two levels, these being the [holiness of] the "congregation of the children of Israel," and "You shall be holy," are the two crowns that He placed on the heads of His children. The aspect of "I am holy" is the crown that He placed on His own head. However, even the aspect of "I am holy," this being the crown He placed on His head, is drawn to the Jewish people, as stated before.

This is also understood from the fact that the drawing forth of all three crowns, (including the one He placed on His head), is brought about through the residents of the province. Thus, since this is a matter that was brought about by the toil of the Jewish people in their service of *HaShem-הַּוּיוּה*, blessed is He, 1650 therefore, even the crown that He placed on His head is drawn forth to them. However, this will only occur in the coming future.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1648</sup> Isaiah 6:3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1649</sup> Also see Matnot Kehunah commentary to Midrash Rabba ibid.

<sup>1650</sup> As per the teaching of our sages, of blessed memory (Talmud Bavli, Chullin 91b), "The ministering angels do not recite song above until the Jewish people first recite song below etc." We thus find that the crowning of the Holy One, blessed is He, by the angels, is dependent upon the Jewish people, specifically. See the discourse entitled "*Tze'ena u'Re'ena*" 5650, 5660, 5677, 5708, and elsewhere.

This is the meaning of the statement of our sages, of blessed memory, 1651 "In the future, the righteous (*Tzaddikim*) will have 'Holy-*Kadosh*-קדוש' recited before them, like the way it is recited before the Holy One, blessed is He." Now, the "Holy, Holy" recited before the Holy One, blessed is He, refers to all three crowns. [And although our sages, of blessed memory, used the terminology "like the way," meaning that it only is similar to it, nonetheless, at the very least, there is a similarity in this to the holiness of the Holy One, blessed is He.] However, this revelation will only come about in the coming future, whereas presently, only two aspects of holiness are revealed.

This may be understood according to the commentary of the Panim Yafot,<sup>1652</sup> that when it states, "the children of Israel," this also includes the fact that they are the children of Avraham and Yitzchak, as stated in Midrash Rabbah,<sup>1653</sup> that even Avraham and Yitzchak are (all) called "Yisroel."

Now, based on the well-known matter, <sup>1654</sup> that the three forefathers, Avraham, Yitzchak, and Yaakov, are the aspects of Kindness-*Chessed*, Might-*Gevurah*, and Splendor-*Tiferet*, it is understood that the first level of holiness (indicated by the words, "Speak to the entire congregation of the children of Israel"), stems from the aspects of *ChaGa*"*T*, <sup>1655</sup> primarily from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1651</sup> Talmud Bavli, Bava Batra 75b

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1652</sup> Panim Yefot to the beginning of Kedoshim, cited in Ohr HaTorah ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1653</sup> Midrash Bereishit Rabba 63:3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1654</sup> See Shaarei Orah of Rabbi Yosef Gikatilla, translated as Gates of Light, Gate Five (*Tiferet*); Pardes Rimonim, Shaar 22 (Shaar HaKinuyim), Ch. 4; Me'orei Ohr, Ma'arechet Aleph, Section 27, and elsewhere.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1655</sup> An acronym for Kindness-Chessed, Might-Gevurah, and Splendor-Tiferet.

the aspect of Splendor-*Tiferet*, being that Yisroel (Yaakov) is the aspect of Splendor-*Tiferet*. 1656

The second level of holiness, (indicated by "You shall be holy") is the aspect of the Crown-*Keter* of *Zeir Anpin*, and the third level of holiness, (indicated by "because I am holy") is the aspect of the Crown-*Keter* of the Long Patient One-*Arich*. 1657 It is this [third] level that will be revealed in the coming future. (This concludes the content of the Tzemach Tzeddek's discourse.)

3.

With the above in mind, we can add to the explanation of the verse, "Speak to the entire congregation of the children of Israel etc." That is, this verse enumerates all levels in the order of the chaining down of the worlds (Seder Hishtalshelut) from below to Above. This is because, "the (entire) congregation (Adat-עדה-refers to the Sefirah of Kingship-Malchut. This is because the Sefirah of Kingship-Malchut includes all ten Sefirot, and it therefore is called a "congregation-Eidah-"," in that "no congregation consists of less than ten." Now, in regard to the fact that it is called "the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1656</sup> See Shaarei Orah of Rabbi Yosef Gikatilla, translated as Gates of Light, Gate Five (*Tiferet*) ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1657</sup> See the end of the discourse entitled "v'Heetkadishtem" 5626 (Sefer HaMaamarim 5626 p. 86); See the end of the discourse entitled "Daber El Kol Adat Bnei Yisroel" 5634 (Sefer HaMaamarim 5634 p. 252); 5679 (Sefer HaMaamarim 5679 p. 95 and on).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1658</sup> See Me<sup>2</sup>orei Ohr, Ma'arechet Ayin, Section 5; Ohr HaTorah, Vayakhel p. 2.097-2-098.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1659</sup> See Talmud Bayli, Sanhedrin 74b

entire (*Kol-*כל) congregation," this is because Kingship-*Malchut* refines all the sparks included within her.

In regard to the words, "The children of Israel (Bnei Yisroel-אישראל-)," the word "Israel-Yisroel" refers to the [three qualities] of Kindness-Chessed, Might-Gevurah, and Splendor-Tiferet, (as explained before). "The children of Israel-Bnei Yisroel-בני ישראל" (meaning that which is drawn down from Yisroel), refers to the aspects of Victory-Netzach, Majesty-Hod, and Foundation-Yesod, (similar to explanation of the verse, 1660 "All your children will be students of HaShem-יהו"), being that they are the offshoots of Kindness-Chessed, Might-Gevurah, and Splendor-Tiferet. The words, "You shall be holy," refer to the Crown-Keter of Zeir Anpin, and the words, "because I am holy," refer to the Crown-Keter of the Long Patient One-Arich Anpin, (as explained before). However, even the loftiest level, which is "because I am holy," is drawn to the Jewish people, as explained before that even the third crown is drawn to the Jewish people, being that it is brought about through their service of HaShem-יהו"ה, blessed is He.

This then, is the meaning of [the verse], 1661 "Holy, Holy, Holy is *HaShem* of Legions-*HaShem Tzva'ot-יהו"ה*," (which concludes), "the entire earth is filled with His glory." For, since all three times that "Holy-*Kadosh-*" is mentioned relate to the service of *HaShem-*", blessed is He, of those below, it therefore is drawn into "the entire earth." It only is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1660</sup> Isaiah 54:13; See Pardes Rimonim, Shaar 23 (*Erchei HaKinuyim*), section on "*Limmudei HaShem-*," cited and explained in Ohr HaTorah, Na"Ch Vol. 2, p. 837.

<sup>1661</sup> Isaiah 6:4

that presently the third crown is concealed, but in the coming future it will be revealed. This is as explained before, that, 1662 "In the future, the righteous (*Tzaddikim*) will have 'Holy-Kadosh-שוד" recited before them, similar to the way it is recited before the Holy One, blessed is He."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1662</sup> Talmud Bavli, Bava Batra 75b