## Discourse 37

## "BeHa'alotcha et HaNeirot - When you kindle the lamps"

19<sup>th</sup> of Sivan, 5724 By the grace of *HaShem*, blessed is He,

1.

The verse states, <sup>1886</sup> "When you kindle the flames etc." Now, when it states "flames" (*Neirot-וברות (Neirot)*) in the plural, on the simple level this refers to the flames of the Candelabrum (*Menorah*) [of the Holy Temple] which had seven flames (*Neirot*). However, it can also be explained that the word "flames" (*Neirot-וברות (Neirot)*) in the plural, hints at two kinds of flames. The first is as the verse states, <sup>1887</sup> "The soul of man is the flame (*Ner-יוה)*) of *HaShem-יהו"ה*." The second is as in the verse, <sup>1888</sup> "For You are my flame (*Neri-יור)*) *HaShem-יהו"ה*." As our sages, of blessed memory, stated, <sup>1889</sup> "The Holy One, blessed is He, said to man, 'My flame is in your hand, and your flame is in My hand."

About this the verse states, "When you kindle the flames (*Neirot-ו*ברות)," referring to the two flames (*Neirot-וברות)*, these being, "The soul of man is the flame (*Ner-יס)* of *HaShem-"*," and, "You are my flame (*Neri-יסר) HaShem-*." Now, in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1886</sup> Numbers 8:2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1887</sup> Proverbs 20:27

<sup>1888</sup> Samuel II 22:29

<sup>1889</sup> Midrash Devarim Rabba 4:4

both of them man's toil is required, which is the meaning of [the words], "When you kindle (*BeHa'alotcha*-בהעלותך) the flames."

2.

This may be understood by prefacing with the explanation in the discourse entitled "Rani v'Simchi Bat Tziyon," [this being the verse that begins the Haftorah of the Torah portion of Beha'alotcha. There are a number of discourses that relate to the Torah portion of Beha'alotcha, which begin with this verse].

There it explains why the Ingathering of Israel (*Knesset Yisroel*) is called "daughter-*Bat*-מ." That is, it states in Midrash, 1892 "This is like the analogy of a king who had an only daughter who he was very fond of. He could not stop expressing his love for her, until he called her 'my daughter' [as the verse states, 1893 'Listen My daughter and see'] etc. He could not stop expressing his love for her, until he called her 'My mother,' [as the verse states, 1894 'Pay attention to Me, My people, give ear to Me, My nation-*Le'Umi-*',' [written without the letter *Vav-*1 it is] 'My mother-*Le'Eemi-*'.']"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1890</sup> See Torah Ohr, Mikeitz 36a and on, and with the glosses in Ohr HaTorah, Chanukah 313b and on; Also see Sefer HaMaamarim 5627 p. 321 and on, (the redaction of the Rebbe Maharash (in his holy handwriting) of the discourse of the Tzemach Tzeddek of Shabbat Parshat BeHa'alotcha 5616), and the citations there.

<sup>1891</sup> Zachariah 2:14

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1892</sup> Midrash Shemot Rabba 52:5; Shir HaShirim Rabba 3, cited in Rashi to Song of Songs 3:11; Pesikta d'Rav Kahanah 1:3

<sup>1893</sup> Psalms 45:11

<sup>1894</sup> Isaiah 51:4

He begins by stating that we must understand the meaning of the verse, "The soul of man is the flame (Ner-יב) of HaShem-ה"." That is, the soul (Neshamah) is called the "flame" (Ner-יבו") of the Name HaShem-יהו". However, another verse states, "For You are my flame (Neri-יבו") HaShem-יהו", blessed is He, is called the "flame" (Ner) of the souls of the Jewish people.

Now, it can be said that these two matters, "For You are my flame (Neri-יברי") HaShem-ה"," and, "The soul of man is the flame (Ner-יבר") of HaShem-ה"," are aligned with the two matters; "My daughter" and "My mother." In other words, when it states, "For You are my flame (Neri-יבר") HaShem-"," the Holy One, blessed is He, is called the "flame" (Neri) that illuminates for the Jewish people, in a way that the souls of the Jewish people are the recipients, this being the matter of "My daughter," in that a daughter (Bat-i) is in the aspect of a recipient (Mekabel).

In contrast, when it states, "The soul of man is the flame (Ner-בו") of HaShem-ה"," the souls of the Jewish people are the "flame" (Ner-בו") that illuminates for HaShem-יהו", blessed is He, 1895 in a way that the Jewish people are the aspect of the bestower (Mashpia), this being the matter indicated by "My mother."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1895</sup> See Midrash Bamidbar Rabba 15:5

He continues the discourse and states that this may be better understood with a preface explaining the verse, <sup>1896</sup> "Let the entire soul (*Neshamah*) praise *Ya"h-¬¬*"." About this, the Tzemach Tzeddek adds a note <sup>1897</sup> stating that the fact that the Alter Rebbe begins with the verse, "Let the entire soul (*Neshamah*) etc.," is because the ascent of Kingship-*Malchut* is to the aspect of "My mother-*Eemee-*", "which is the aspect of Understanding-*Binah*, and the *Neshamah* [level of the soul] is also the aspect of the Understanding-*Binah*, as in the verse, <sup>1898</sup> "It is the soul (*Neshamah*) from the Almighty that gives them understanding." It is for this reason that he begins with this verse.

He explains that the word "praise-*Tehalel-'ההלל*" is of the same root as in the verse, <sup>1899</sup> "When His flame would shine (*b'Heelo-*) over my head," this being a term indicating radiance (*Ha'arah*). This refers to the coming into being of all the worlds, which is merely from a glimmer of His radiance (*Ha'arah*).

However, for the matter of a radiance (*Ha'arah*) to be possible, there first must be a matter of constriction (*Tzimtzum*). About this the verse states, 1900 "For, with *Ya"h-ה*" did *HaShem*-rorm worlds." About this, our sages, of blessed memory,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1896</sup> Psalms 150:6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1897</sup> Sefer HaMaamarim 5627 p. 322

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1898</sup> Job 32:8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1899</sup> Job 29:3

<sup>1900</sup> Isaiah 26:4

stated,<sup>1901</sup> "The coming world (*Olam HaBa*) was created with the [letter] *Yod-*'." That is, for the existence of the coming world (*Olam HaBa*) to be possible, this is brought about through the letter *Yod-*', which is a matter of constriction (*Tzimtzum*).

However, even so, this world was created with the [letter] *Hey-*\textit{\pi}. For, \frac{1902}{1902} had this world also been created with the letter *Yod-*\textit{\pi}, its vitality would be too constricted, and it then would be possible for the forces of externality to derive vitality. This is similar to what we find about the matter of the hairs (*Sa'arot*).\frac{1903}{1903} That is, that in a Nazirite they are a matter of holiness, as the verse states,\frac{1904}{1904} "He shall be holy, allowing the hair of his head to grow wild."

In contrast, about the Levites the verse states, <sup>1905</sup> "Let them pass a razor over their entire flesh," (unlike the priests, and especially the high priest, for whom the hairs (*Sa'arot*) are Supernal drawings etc.). <sup>1906</sup> Similarly, about women, our sages of blessed memory, stated, <sup>1907</sup> "A woman's hair is [considered to be] nakedness."

The reason is because the matter of the hairs (*Sa'arot*) indicates a very constricted drawing down. This is analogous to hair, that even though the vitality drawn into them is from the vitality of the brain, which causes them to grow, it nonetheless

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1901</sup> Talmud Bavli, Menachot 29b

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1902</sup> See Likkutei Torah, beginning of Beshalach

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1903</sup> See Likkutei Torah, Emor 31d and on; Sefer HaMitzvot of the Tzemach Tzeddek 104b and on.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1904</sup> Numbers 6:5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1905</sup> Numbers 8:7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1906</sup> See Likkutei Toraah, Korach 54b

<sup>1907</sup> Talmud Bavli, Brachot 24a

is a very constricted vitality, so much so, that when the hair is cut the brain feels no pain at all. (This is unlike the limbs of the body, which have much vitality etc.)

This is why the matter of holiness (*Kedushah*) relates to the aspect of the hairs (*Sa'arot*), and it specifically is the hairs (*Sa'arot*) that indicate the matter of holiness (*Kedushah*). For, being that He, blessed is He, is holy and separately transcendent, a drawing down is not possible except specifically by way of the aspect of the "hairs" (*Sa'arot*), as the verse states, <sup>1908</sup> "The hair of His head [was] like clean wool."

However, below it is not possible for the drawing down to be by way of the hairs (Sa'arot), this being the matter indicated by the words, "A woman's hair is [considered to be] nakedness." This is because "woman" hints at the aspect of the vitality that manifests in the worlds, which is the feminine aspect, and when there is a drawing down from that aspect by way of the "hairs" (Sa'arot), then because of the overabundance of constrictions (Tzimtzumim) it is possible for the forces of externality to derive vitality from there.

This is why a woman's hair must be covered, <sup>1909</sup> so that the matter of constriction (*Tzimtzum*) will not be revealed. The same is so of the Levites, in that since they are from the aspect of the powers of Might-*Gevurot*, therefore, when there is a drawing down of bestowal from them by way of the "hairs" (*Sa'arot*) and constrictions, the forces of externality can derive vitality from there. This why it states about them, "Let them pass a razor over their entire flesh." This also is why this world

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1908</sup> Daniel 7:9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1909</sup> See Igrot Kodesh, Vol. 15 p. 415

was created with the [letter] *Hey-*\(\pi\), rather than the letter *Yod-*\(\forall\), so that the constriction (*Tzimtzum*) will not be overly dominant, in which case the forces of externality would derive vitality.

More specifically, there are two [letters] *Hey-*ה in the Name *HaShem-*יה, the first *Hey-*ה and the final *Hey-*ה. When our sages, of blessed memory, stated that this world was created with the [letter] *Hey-*ה, they were referring to the final *Hey-*ה, except that it is rooted in the first *Hey-*ה, [the first *Hey-*a] being the aspect of the coming world (*Olam HaBa*). In other words, only the **creation** of the coming world (*Olam HaBa*) is with the *Yod-*', but the coming world (*Olam HaBa*) itself, is the aspect of the (first) *Hey-*ה.

This then, is the meaning of [the verse], "Let the entire soul (*Neshamah*) praise *Ya"h-ה"י*." That is, man's toil is to draw down the aspect of *Ya"h-ה"י*, this being the meaning of the word "praise-*Tehalel-'ההלל*" which is of the same root as, 1912 "When His flame would shine (*b'Heelo-'בהילוס)* over my head," which is a term indicating radiance (*Ha'arah*). In other words, one is to affect that there be the radiance of the *Yod-Hey-'יו"ד*, so that it is with the *Yod-"ד"ד* that the coming world is created and with the *Hey-"ד"ד* that this world is created.

Now, in regard to the fact that the verse states, "Let the entire soul (*Neshamah*) praise *Ya"h-ה"*," specifying the *Neshamah* [level of the soul], even though the soul of man has the three aspects; *Nefesh*, *Ru'ach*, and *Neshamah*, this is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1910</sup> See Shaarei Orah of Rabbi Yosef Gikatilla, translated as Gates of Light, Gate Eight (*Binah*).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1911</sup> Also see Tanya, Iggeret HaKodesh, Epistle 5 (107b); Likkutei Torah, Beshalach ibid.

<sup>1912</sup> Job 29:3

because the word "Neshamah-מינשמה" is of the same root as "breathing-Nesheemah-נשימה." This is as our sages, of blessed memory, expounded on the verse, "Let the entire soul (Neshamah-נשמה) praise Ya"h-מ"," stating, "For each and every breath (Nesheemah-נשימה) that a person takes, he must praise the Creator."

The matter of breathing (Neshimah-נשימה) is the matter of "running" (Ratzo) and "returning" (Shov), as it states, 1915 "I will pant and gasp (Eshom v'Eshof-אשום ואשוף) together," in that one draws (Sho'ef-אשום) the breath in, and it enters and [then] departs. It is in this way that the general vitality of the worlds is drawn down, in a way of "running" (Ratzo) and "returning" (Shov).

4.

We should also add and explain the specific use of the words, "Let the entire-Kol-ס soul (Neshamah) etc.," based on the explanation in the discourse of the Alter Rebbe, (in the booklet of manuscripts that was recently released from captivity), entitled "VaAseh Li Mat'amim," (which follows after the discourse entitled "Al Yithalel etc.," said on the

<sup>1913</sup> Also see Ginat Egoz of Rabbi Yosef Gikatilla, translated as HaShem Is One, Vol. 2 (The Letters of Creation, Part 1), end of the section entitled "The Three Letters Yod-Hey-Vav-יץ"ד ה"א וא"ד ה"א א

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1914</sup> Midrash Bereishit Rabba 14:9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1915</sup> Isaiah 42:14; See Rashi to Talmud Bavli, Chagigah 12b, entitled "v'HaRuchof" as well as Bereishit Rabba ibid.; Mishneh Torah, Hilchot Yesodei HaTorah 4:9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1916</sup> Subsequently printed in Maamarei Admor HaZaken 5568 Vol. 1, p. 43

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1917</sup> Maamarei Admor HaZaken 5568 Vol. 1 ibid., p. 41 and on.

preceding Shabbat). <sup>1918</sup> In explanation of the word "delicacies-*Mat'amim*-מטעמים," he explains that the prayers of the Jewish people are analogous to "eating," as the verse states, <sup>1919</sup> "I have come to My garden, My sister... I have eaten (*Achalti-*vcfn")..."

This is analogous to a meal which consists of various kinds [of foods]. Some foods, such as bread, are [consumed] for the sake of nourishment, and other foods, such as delicacies made with fish or meat, are for pleasure. Moreover, some ingredients are sweet, so that one will eat them with greater appetite, whereas other ingredients, such as spicy peppers and the like, add strong flavor to the food.

Now, just as if physical food lacks salt and pepper, the pleasure of it will be lacking, the same is so of the prayers of the Jewish people, that if their prayers do not include all the various kinds, it is not called "eating-Achilah-אכילה". This is why our sages, of blessed memory, stated, "Any fast that does not include [the participation of some] sinners of the Jewish people, is not a fast." This is the meaning of "make delicacies (Mat'amim-מטעמים) for me," from the six-hundred thousand souls of the Jewish people.

With this in mind, we can explain the precise wording, "Let the entire-Kol-כל soul (Neshamah) etc." That is, the matter of "praise Ya"h-Tehalel Ya"h-ז" brought about by the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1918</sup> In the discourse of Shabbat Parshat Naso of this year, 5724, entitled "*VaEheyeh Etzlo Amon* – I was with Him as His nursling," Discourse 36 (Sefer HaMaamarim 5724, p. 237 and on).

<sup>1919</sup> Song of Songs 5:1; Also see Sefer HaLikkutim Da"Ch of the Tzemach Tzeddek, section on "eating-*Achilah-אכילה*," p. 1,165 and on.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1920</sup> Talmud Bavli, Keritot 6b

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1921</sup> Genesis 27:4

toil of the soul (*Neshamah*), which is the aspect of Understanding-*Binah*, (as in the verse,<sup>1922</sup> "It is the soul (*Neshamah*) from the Almighty that gives them understanding") and transcends the *Nefesh* and *Ru'ach*, and relates to each and every Jew, "the **entire** *Neshamah*," which refers to and includes of all the kinds and ways of serving *HaShem-*יה", blessed is He, by the Jewish people.

5.

This is also the meaning of the verse, "The soul of man (Nishmat Adam-נשמת אדם) is the flame (Ner-ים) of HaShem-יהו"ה." That is, the soul (Neshamah) is the flame of HaShem-יהו"ה, blessed is He, meaning that it brings about the revelation of HaShem-יהו"ה, so that there will be the matter of the Yod-Hey-אין, the Yod-יו"ד ה"א-by which the coming world is created, and the Hey-א" by which this world is created, (as explained above in explanation of the verse, "Let the entire soul praise Ya"h-י").

However, for the souls of the Jewish people to be capable of being "the flame of *HaShem-*הו"," and to bring about the [above-mentioned] matters of *Yod-Hey-*" etc., the granting of empowerment is needed from Above. About this the verse states, "For You are my flame (*Neri-יהרו"*) *HaShem-*"." This refers to the granting of empowerment to the souls of the Jewish people from Above, by which they are capable of being "the flame of *HaShem-*"."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1922</sup> Job 32:8

In other words, the souls of the Jewish people first receive the revelation of "the flame of *HaShem-יהו"*," and are then in the state of "My daughter-*Beetee*." Through this, they subsequently are made to be "the flame of *HaShem-*," in that they have an effect Above, causing there to be the revelation of the *Yod-Hey-יו"*, ("praise *Ya"h-Tehalel Ya"h-Tehalel Ya"h-*

Now, in regard to the verse, "For You are my flame (Neri-יברי) HaShem-י," (referring to the matter of drawing down from Above to below, which is the granting of empowerment to the souls of the Jewish people to be capable of serving HaShem-יהו", blessed is He, in their service from below to Above, to be "the flame of HaShem-", this relates to the service of HaShem-" יהו" of the Righteous (Tzaddikim).

However, the primary matter of the aspect of "My mother-*Eemee-*" (in which the souls of the Jewish people have an effect Above), is brought about through serving Him by returning to Him in repentance (*Teshuvah*), (which transcends [regular] service of [Him with] Torah and *mitzvot*). About this the verse continues, 1924 "(For You are my flame *HaShem-*") and *HaShem-*" illuminates my darkness."

That is, this is the granting of empowerment from Above for the service of *HaShem-הרייה*, blessed is He, of those who return to Him in repentance (*Baalei Teshuvah*), , in and of themselves, are in a state of darkness, and for whom it is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1923</sup> See Ohr HaTorah, Bo p. 258; Vol. 8 p. 2,918.

<sup>1924</sup> Samuel II 22:29

necessary that "HaShem- יהו" illuminates my darkness." Through this, they too are capable of being the aspect of "the flame (Ner- יהו" of HaShem- יהו"."  $^{1925}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1925</sup> The conclusion of this discourse is missing.